Pressure Regulator Flow Curves
Technical Bulletin

Scope
Selecting a regulator for an application first requires review of its performance capabilities and their alignment with the application's requirements. The best starting point is the regulator's flow curve provided by the manufacturer, because it illustrates the regulator's range of capabilities at one glance. The curve represents the range of pressures that a regulator will maintain given certain flow rates in a system.

This technical bulletin provides an overview of how to read regulator flow curves for pressure-reducing regulators. It describes some of the complexities, including droop, seat-load drop or lockup, choked flow, hysteresis, and supply pressure effect (SPE), also known as dependency.

In addition, SPE values and flow curves for many Swagelok® series pressure-reducing regulators are provided for the full line of maximum inlet pressure ranges and flow coefficients available.

The Basics
A regulator's main purpose is to maintain a constant pressure on one side of the regulator even though there is a different pressure or fluctuating pressure on the other side. In the case of a pressure-reducing regulator, pressure is controlled downstream of the regulator.

A flow curve illustrates a regulator's performance in terms of outlet pressure (Y axis) and flow rate (X axis). Flow is not controlled by the regulator. It is controlled downstream by a valve or flow meter. The curve shows how a regulator will respond as flow in the system changes.

Let us examine how to read a flow curve. Examine the top curve in Fig. 1. The curve starts at 400 psig (27.5 bar), but drops slightly as flow increases across most of the graph. When reading a flow curve, identify the range of flows that are seen in the system. Then, mark them on the graph to see what the corresponding changes in outlet pressure will be. Is that range of pressures acceptable? If not, a different regulator is needed.

Ideally, a regulator operates best on the flattest part of the curve, and will maintain relatively constant pressures, even with significant changes in flow. At the extreme ends of the curve, however, there are steep drops where pressures change dramatically with even the slightest change in flow. The regulator will not operate at the highest level of efficiency at these locations.

For every set pressure, there is a different curve. In Fig. 1, there are two main sets of curves: one based on a set pressure of 400 psig (27.5 bar) with a control range of 0 to 500 psig (34.4 bar) and one on a set pressure of 200 psig (13.7 bar) with a control range of 0 to 250 psig (17.2 bar). The control ranges represent two separate regulators and the curves must be used separately. If the desired set pressure or inlet pressure is not shown on the graph, one can interpolate within a control range, but not between different control ranges.

There is one additional variable that affects the shape of a curve—the inlet pressure (i.e., pressure going into a pressure-reducing regulator on the upstream side). Note that for each of the two sets of curves in Fig. 1, there are three curves representing a range of inlet pressures.
Droop, Seat-Load Drop, Choked Flow, Supply-Pressure Effect, and Hysteresis

As mentioned, it is best to operate a regulator along the flattest—or most horizontal—part of a flow curve. Indeed, an ideal flow curve would be a flat line. However, no regulator can produce a perfectly flat line over its full range of pressures because its internal components have limitations. Typically, a flow curve consists of three parts (Fig. 2):

- The ideal operating range, a relatively flat part in the middle
- A steep drop on the far left, which shows seat-load drop or lockup
- A steep drop on the far right, which shows the choked-flow area.

Droop

The flat part in the middle is not perfectly flat. It slopes downward, which is called droop. As flow increases, outlet pressure will drop some—or a lot, depending on the regulator design. While droop is relatively modest along the flat part of the curve, it is quite steep at the far ends of the curve. Supplying a regulator with pressures substantially lower than the inlet pressure rating results in a flow curve with more droop than flow curves for regulators whose inlet pressure rating closely matches actual system pressure (Fig. 3). In addition, selecting a regulator that closely matches inlet pressure requirements provides the best handle resolution (smaller amount of pressure change per turn of the handle) and control, enabling a broader ideal operating range.

Seat-Load Drop or Lockup

Seat-load drop occurs on the far left of the regulator curve (Fig. 2), where there is initially a steep drop in pressure. If reading the curve from left to right, imagine that the system is in a no-flow state. The regulator is set to a certain pressure, but there is no flow. Then, imagine that an operator slowly opens a downstream valve to initiate flow. Immediately, there is a sharp drop in pressure because it is difficult for a regulator to maintain pressure at this location. A regulator operating along this steep drop in the curve may emit chattering or pulsating sounds as it fluctuates between flow and no-flow conditions.

Now read the curve from right to left. Imagine that the system is operating along the flat part of the curve. Then, imagine that an operator slowly closes a downstream valve, reducing flow to near zero. We are moving up the curve. As the no-flow...
state nears, the regulator has difficulty maintaining the set pressure. Again, the regulator may emit a chattering sound. Eventually, the regulator snaps shut, stopping flow. This is called lockup. (Lockup may not be shown on all flow data. Typically, lockup pressures are less than 5% of control range.) The terms seat-load drop and lockup are essentially interchangeable. Sometimes, lockup is used to describe both conditions. It is not advisable to operate a regulator under these conditions. Some regulator flow data will not reflect lock-up, especially for higher flow models. Typically, lock-up pressures will be less than 5% of the total control range for a given model.

**Choked Flow**

Choked flow occurs on the far right of a curve. See the choked-flow area in Fig. 2, where pressure begins to drop sharply at 140 std ft³/min (3960 std L/min). At this point, the flow demand has exceeded the pressure-controlling capabilities of the regulator. Here, the regulator is wide open and is no longer regulating pressure. Essentially, it has changed from a pressure-controlling device to an open orifice. Increasing downstream flow to this point or beyond renders the regulator ineffective. It is not advisable to operate a regulator in the choked-flow area due to the sharp pressure drop.

Note that \( C_v \) is measured at the regulator’s fully open position, and that is why it cannot describe the overall performance of the regulator.

In fact, selecting a regulator based solely on its flow coefficient \( C_v \) can result in unsatisfactory performance. If the system flow is within range of the regulator’s \( C_v \), one may believe that the regulator is the right “size.” But that is not necessarily true. The \( C_v \) represents the regulator’s maximum flow capacity. At maximum flow, a regulator can no longer control pressure.

**Hysteresis**

See Fig. 4, above. When reading left to right, flow is increasing. And the reverse is true when reading right to left. Depending on whether flow is increasing or decreasing, the curve differs slightly. Outlet pressure does not follow the same “droop line” or end at the original set pressure. This phenomenon is called hysteresis.

Hysteresis results from dynamic friction forces within the regulator, but is usually not an issue when evaluating the performance of a regulator. However, it can be a point of confusion during system operation. Suppose an operator sets up a system to deliver an outlet pressure of 50 psig (3.4 bar) at 110 std ft³/min (3115 std L/min). The next day, the pressure is now 50.5 psig (3.48 bar), but the flow is still 110 std ft³/min (3115 std L/min). It is likely that something in the system temporarily created more flow demand downstream.

Moving from left to right on the curve, the temporary flow increase slightly reduced the outlet pressure. Then, as the flow demand returned to 110 std ft³/min (3115 std L/min), hysteresis caused the outlet pressure to return to a point slightly higher than the initial set point.

It is recommended to approach set pressure from a lower pressure. Another best practice is to employ pressure gauges in the system to help fine tune regulator settings to achieve desired operating pressures.

**Supply-Pressure Effect**

Supply-pressure effect (SPE) or dependency is a ratio describing the change in outlet pressure per 100 psi (6.8 bar) change in inlet pressure. In other words, for every 100 psi (6.8 bar) drop in inlet pressure, the outlet pressure will increase by \( X \) psi. \( X \) is the SPE. For standard pressure-reducing regulators, the outlet pressure increases as supply pressure decreases. The opposite is true as supply pressure increases. This effect can also be realized on system startup or shutdown.

The regulator should be set to the “off” position before turning the supply pressure on or off to prevent overpressurization of regulator diaphragms, outlet pressure gauges, or other equipment downstream. When selecting an antitamper model, it is important to make sure that SPE will not cause excessive overpressurization on opening and closing of the supply pressure.
Flow Considerations

Flow curves are dependent on the media flowing through the system. Depending on the fluid’s specific gravity (density), viscosity, and physical phase (gas or liquid), the amount of droop and where choked flow occurs will change. Higher specific gravities will cause greater droop (steeper flow curves) than lower specific gravities because the regulator is forced to open wider to maintain an equivalent flow rate. Further, a regulator’s maximum flow rate will be lower for a fluid with higher specific gravity, resulting in a lower flow rate for the choked-flow range.

For spring-loaded models, handles are factory set to avoid overcompressing the spring, thereby limiting maximum outlet pressure. This setting is made at the no-flow condition. Use the flow curve to interpolate what the no-flow outlet pressure will be to ensure the pressure control range selected can achieve the pressure/flow setting required. Relief valve settings downstream of the regulator must also be considered with regard to pressure rise as the flow is terminated.

Gas Flow

Manufacturers usually create gas flow curves using air or nitrogen. If the system media is a different fluid, it may be necessary to adjust the flow scale to account for the difference between the specific gravity of the actual system fluid \( G_{\text{actual}} \) and that of the fluid used to create the curve \( G_{\text{ref}} \). The effect of specific gravity changes the flow rate by a factor \( F_G \):

\[
F_G = \sqrt{\frac{G_{\text{ref}}}{G_{\text{actual}}}}
\]

Nitrogen has a specific gravity of 0.97, so the correction factor can be calculated by:

\[
F_G = \sqrt{\frac{0.97}{G_{\text{actual}}}}
\]

where \( G_{\text{actual}} \) is the specific gravity of your system fluid.

For convenience, below is a list of specific gravity correction factors calculated with this equation to adjust a flow scale from nitrogen to several other gases.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas</th>
<th>Specific Gravity Correction Factor ( F_G ) from Nitrogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>1.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argon</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsine</td>
<td>0.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon dioxide</td>
<td>0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Helium</td>
<td>2.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen</td>
<td>3.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen chloride</td>
<td>0.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxygen</td>
<td>0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silane</td>
<td>0.93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, the correction factor for carbon dioxide is 0.80. Therefore, the point on a flow curve showing a nitrogen flow volume of 100 std ft\(^3\)/min (2831 std L/min) indicates a comparable carbon dioxide flow of 80 std ft\(^3\)/min (2265 std L/min). The curve is the same, but the flow scale changes.

In a similar way, adjustments may be needed to account for an actual temperature different from the temperature used for the test. Below is a list of correction factors that can be used to account for differences from a test temperature of 70°F (20°C).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature °F</th>
<th>Temperature °C</th>
<th>Temperature Correction Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>–40</td>
<td>–40</td>
<td>1.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>–20</td>
<td>–28</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>–17</td>
<td>1.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>–6</td>
<td>1.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>0.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>0.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>212</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>0.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>350</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>0.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>204</td>
<td>0.78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, if the actual system temperature is 100°F (37°C), the point on a flow curve showing a flow volume of 100 std ft\(^3\)/min (2831 std L/min) would adjust to 97 std ft\(^3\)/min (2747 std L/min).
Liquid Flow
The same regulator will produce flow curves with substantial
differences between gas and liquid fluids—flow curves
for liquid media will show steeper droop rates and lower
maximum flow. Avoid using flow curves generated with gas
flow when selecting a regulator for a liquid flow application,
as the differences between the curve and the regulator’s
performance in a liquid system will be significant.
Also keep in mind that not all regulators are suitable for liquid
service. The higher forces on the poppet from liquid flows
can cause extreme chatter, resulting in damage within the
regulator. Be sure the regulator model and pressure range
have been tested for liquid applications to ensure a positive
performance.

Another consideration is to understand fully the effects of
pressure drop on the liquid, given the application parameters.
In applications where the liquid is close to its bubble point,
it is likely that the pressure drop within the regulator will
create bubbles or even start to vaporize the liquid. A two-
phase mixture can cause component failure, fluid sample
distortion, or clogging of lines. Be sure that the pressure drop
will consistently maintain a liquid phase throughout a wide
temperature range, or install the regulator in a location that
minimizes the risk of bubble creation.

Finally, as is the case with gases, you may need to adjust the
flow scale based on the difference in specific gravity between
the liquid used to generate the flow curve (typically hydraulic
oil or water) and the liquid to be used in your system. The
liquid flow curves in this document were generated from flow
tests using hydraulic oil with a specific gravity of 0.86.

For convenience, below is a list of specific gravity correction
factors calculated to adjust a flow scale from hydraulic oil to
several other liquids.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Liquid</th>
<th>Specific Gravity Correction Factor (F_G from Hydraulic Oil)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl alcohol</td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gasoline</td>
<td>1.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kerosene</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pentane</td>
<td>1.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>0.93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, the correction factor for water is 0.93. Therefore,
the point on a flow curve showing a hydraulic oil flow volume
of 10 U.S. gal/min (37.8 L/min) indicates a comparable water
flow of 9.3 U.S. gal/min 35.2 L/min).

A safety concern can arise when using a positive
displacement pump in a liquid system. The pump can cause
impulses through the regulator that can fatigue and eventually
cause failure in a metal diaphragm. Also, without proper
relief mechanisms, the pump may cause excessive pressure
rises that rupture components within the fluid system, even
with a properly operating regulator. Always ensure proper
relief devices are installed to protect components from burst
failure.

Flow Curve Checklist
When selecting a regulator, consult the flow curve in addition
to the C_v value.

- Identify the range of flows expected. Given that range, the
curve will indicate what pressures the regulator can be
expected to maintain.
- A regulator operates best along the relatively flat part
of its curve. Make sure the control range selected
can accommodate the droop to meet the pressure
requirement at the desired flow rate.
- Avoid operating a regulator at the far ends of the curve
where undesirable conditions like lockup and choked
flow occur.
- Does it reflect the required pressure, set pressure, and inlet
pressure range?
- For gas regulators, will supply-pressure effect be an issue
when the system is shut down or restarted?
- Do you need to calculate any specific gravity or
temperature adjustments?
- Finally, make sure all measurement units agree. Pressure
readings are provided most commonly in psig or bar. Flow
rate units of measure depend on the system media, so
be sure to note whether the regulator is rated for liquid or
gas service. Liquid flow is typically expressed as gallons
per minute (U.S. gal/min) or liters per minute (L/min),
while gas flow is conveyed as standard cubic feet per
minute (std ft^3/min) or standard liters per minute (std L/min).

Note: Flow curves for regulators greater than 1 1/2 inch
may have been generated using either test flow data or
mathematical modeling.

If a flow curve is not available or if you need additional help in
selecting a regulator, contact your authorized Swagelok sales
and service representative for guidance on properly sizing a
regulator for an application.
Flow Curves

KPR Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.02, 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar) through 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 100 to 6000 psig (6.8 to 413 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 9
Liquid Flow .................................... 84

KCY Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar) through 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 3000 to 6000 psig (206 to 413 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 21
Liquid Flow .................................... 93

KLF Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.02, 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 2.0 psig (0 to 0.13 bar) through 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 15 to 3600 psig (1.0 to 248 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 30
Liquid Flow .................................... 101

KHF Series
- Flow coefficient of 1.0
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0.68 bar) through 0 to 250 psig (17.2 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 100 to 3600 psig (6.8 to 248 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 46

KCP Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.02, 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0.68 bar) through 0 to 1500 psig (103 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 100 to 3600 psig (6.8 to 248 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 50
Liquid Flow .................................... 108

KPP Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.02 and 0.06
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 1000 psig (68.9 bar) through 0 to 3600 psig (248 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 2000 to 6000 psig (137 to 413 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 66
Liquid Flow .................................... 119

KPF Series
- Flow coefficient of 1.0
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 1000 psig (68.9 bar) through 0 to 4000 psig (275 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure of 6000 psig (413 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 73
Liquid Flow .................................... 122

KHP Series and KHR Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.06 and 0.25
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 500 psig (34.4 bar) through 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure of 10 000 psig (689 bar)

KHP Gas Flow .................................. 76
KHR Liquid Flow ............................... 125
Flow Curves

RS(H)2 Series
- Flow coefficient of 0.05
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
  through
  - RS2: 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)
  - RSH2: 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 133

RS(H)4, RS(H)6, and RS(H)8 Series
- Flow coefficients of 1.84 and 1.95
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)
  through
  - RSH10 and RS(H)15: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 350 bar)
  - RS20: 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  - RSH20: 0 to 3630 psig (250 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RS4: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RSH4: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RS6: 507 psig (35.0 bar)
  - RSH6: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RS8: 507 psig (35.0 bar)
  - RSH8: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 136

RS(H)10, RS(H)15, and RS(H)20 Series
- Flow coefficients of 3.79, 7.30 and 13
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)
  through
  - RSH10 and RS(H)15: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 350 bar)
  - RS20: 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  - RSH20: 0 to 3630 psig (250 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RS10: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RSH10: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RS20: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RSH20: 3630 psig (250 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 142

LRS(H)4 Series
- Flow coefficients of 0.73 and 0.10
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)
  through
  - RSH4: 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - LRSH4: 507 psig (35.0 bar)
  - LRSH4: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 147

LPRS4, LPRS6, and LPRS8 Series
- Flow coefficients of 1.84, 1.95 and 2.07
- Pressure control ranges from 1.4 to 14.5 psig
  (0.10 to 1.0 bar) through 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 218 psig (15.0 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 150

LPRS10, and LPRS15 Series
- Flow coefficients of 3.79 and 7.3
- Pressure control ranges from 1.4 to 14.5 psig
  (0.10 to 1.0 bar) through 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 232 psig (16.0 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 152

RD2 Series
- Flow coefficient of 0.05
- Pressure control ranges: 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 154

RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series
- Flow coefficients of 1.95 and 2.07
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
  through
  - RDH6: 0 to 2539 psig (0 to 175 bar)
  - RDH8: 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RDH6: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RDH8: 3990 psig (275 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 156

RD6DP and RDH6DP Series
- Flow coefficient of 1.95
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  through
  - RD6DP: 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD6DP: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH6DP: 3990 psig (275 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 160

RD(H)10 and RD(H)15 Series
- Flow coefficients of 3.79 and 7.30
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)
  through
  - RDH: 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  - RDH: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow ........................................ 162
RD(H)20 and RD(H)25 Series
- Flow coefficients of 13 and 21
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through
  - RD20 and RD25: 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  - RDH20 and RDH25: 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD20 and RD25: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH20: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RDH25: 4060 psig (280 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 175

RD(H)30 and RD(H)40 Series
- Flow coefficients of 36 and 73
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through
  - RD30 and RD40: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH30 and RDH40: 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD30 and RD30: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH30 and RDH40: 4060 psig (280 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 188

RA4, RA6 and RA8 Series
- Flow coefficient of 1.84
- Pressure ratios from 1:15 through 1:70
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 201

BS(H)2 Series
- Flow coefficient of 0.10
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) through 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - BS2: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - BSH2: 10 150 psig (700 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 204

BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series
- Flow coefficient from 0.49 to 2.07
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar) through 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 207

BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series
- Flow coefficient from 3.84 to 7.3
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar) through 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 210

LBS4 Series
- Flow coefficient of 1.3
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 507 psig (35.0 bar)

Gas Flow .................................... 214
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KPR series is a compact regulator with excellent accuracy, sensitivity, and set-point pressure stability.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Supply-Pressure Effect

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow Coefficient (Cv)</th>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Supply Pressure Effect, %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Up to 100 psig (6.8 bar)</td>
<td>0.02 0.3 0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>250 psig (17.2 bar) and Higher</td>
<td>0.06 1.0 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.20 1.7 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.50 2.3 3.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min

Detail A
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft\(^3\)/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

---

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

---

KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KCY series is designed for use in applications requiring constant outlet pressure even with wide variations in inlet pressure. This two-stage regulator is comparable to two single-stage regulators connected in series. The first stage is factory set to reduce the inlet pressure to 500 psig (34.4 bar). The second stage can be adjusted with the handle to achieve the required outlet pressure.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

![Flow Curve Diagram](Image)
**KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow**

**Flow Curves**
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

**Diagram:**
- Pressure Control Range:
  - 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
  - 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Legend:**
- **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
- **Outlet Pressure, bar**

**Table: Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min**
- 500 (34.4), 1000 (68.9), 3600 (248)
- 34.4 (500), 68.9 (1000), 248 (3600)
- 3.44, 6.89, 24.8

**Swagelok**
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft\(^3\)/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
# KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KLF series provides high-sensitivity pressure control of gases or liquids with minimum droop in both low-flow and low-pressure applications.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

## Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

| Supply Pressure Effect, % | Flow Coefficient (Cv) | Pressure Control Range
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<td></td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>Up to 10 psig (0.68 bar)</td>
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<td>25 psig (1.7 bar) and Higher</td>
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### Parameter Table

- **Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min**
- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
- **Outlet Pressure, bar**

---

### Diagrams

- **Diagram A**
  - **Pressure Control Range**
    - 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

- **Detail A**
  - **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
  - **Outlet Pressure, psig**
  - **Outlet Pressure, bar**

---

**Swagelok**
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)**

Pressure Control Range

---

**1.** Pressure-Reducing Regulator Flow Curves

**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)**

---

**Diagram:**

- **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
- **Outlet Pressure, bar**

---

**Swagelok**
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
  0 5 10 15 20

- **Nitrogen Flow, std ft$^3$/min**
  0 10 20 30 40 50 60

- **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
  0 400 800 1200 1600

- **Outlet Pressure, bar**
  0 5 10 15 20

**Pressure Control Range**
0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Nitrogen Flow, std ft$^3$/min**

- 100 (6.8)
- 500 (34.4)
- 1000 (68.9), 3600 (248)
- 500 (34.4)
- 1000 (68.9), 3600 (248)
- 500 (34.4), 1000 (68.9), 3600 (248)
- 100 (6.8)
**KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow**

**Flow Curves**
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

---

**Pressure Control Range**

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**Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min**

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**Outlet Pressure, bar**

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**Swagelok**
**KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow**

**Flow Curves**
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

![Graph showing flow curves for nitrogen flow and outlet pressure.](image)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)*

![Flow Curve Diagram]

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
- 0 to 300
- 400 to 1000
- 2000 to 2800

**Outlet Pressure, psig**
- 0 to 50
- 100 to 300
- 500 to 3600

**Outlet Pressure, bar**
- 0 to 50
- 100 to 200
- 300 to 248

---

**Detail A**

![Detail A Diagram]
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)*

Pressure Control Range

---

Outlet Pressure, psig

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Outlet Pressure, bar

---

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min

---

Outlet Pressure, bar

---

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

![Flow Curves Graph]

Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Nitrogen Flow, std ft$^3$/min
Nitrogen Flow, std L/min

Detail A
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KHF series combines the high-flow capabilities—1.0 $C_v$—of a bulk distribution regulator with the high sensitivity and accuracy of a point-of-use regulator.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**
KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

Pressure Control Range

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min

**Detail A**

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min
KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KCP series is a compact, piston-sensing pressure regulator with a short stroke to minimize wear in high-cycling applications.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow Coefficient (Cv)</th>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Supply Pressure Effect, %</th>
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<tr>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>Up to 250 psig (17.2 bar)</td>
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<tr>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>500 psig (34.4 bar) and Higher</td>
<td>1.3</td>
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</table>

**Supply-Pressure Effect**

- **Nitrogen Flow**, std ft³/min
- **Outlet Pressure**, psig

**Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

Outlet Pressure, psig
- 50 (3.4), 100 (6.8)
- 500 (34.4)
- 1000 (68.9)
- 3600 (248)

Outlet Pressure, bar
- 50 (3.4), 100 (6.8)
- 500 (34.4)
- 1000 (68.9)
- 3600 (248)

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min
- 500 (34.4)
- 1000 (68.9)
- 3600 (248)

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
- 50 (3.4), 100 (6.8)
- 500 (34.4)
- 1000 (68.9)
- 3600 (248)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)*

---

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

---

**Details**

- Outlet Pressure, psig
- Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
- Nitrogen Flow, std L/min

---

[Chart and Graphs]
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)*
**KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow**

**Flow Curves**
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**
- **0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**
- **0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

---

**Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min**

**Outlet Pressure, psig**
- 0 10 20 30
- 0 50 (3.4) 100 (6.8)
- 50 (3.4), 100 (6.8), 3600 (248)
- 500 (34.4), 1000 (68.9), 3600 (248)

**Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**

**Outlet Pressure, bar**
- 0 5 10 15 20
- 0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0
- 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0
- 5,0 10,0 15,0 20,0
- 500 (34.4), 1000 (68.9), 3600 (248)

---

**Swagelok**
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
**KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow**

**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)*

---

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

---

**Diagram**

- **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
- **Outlet Pressure, bar**

---

**Detail A**

- **Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min**

---

**Legend**

- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)
**KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow**

**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft$^3$/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)*

![Flow Curves Diagram]

- **Pressure Control Range**
  - 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
  - 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

- **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
  - 0 to 1600
  - 2000 to 8000

- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
  - 0 to 1600
  - 2000 to 8000

- **Outlet Pressure, bar**
  - 0 to 1600
  - 2000 to 8000

Detail A

- **Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
  - 0 to 1600
  - 2000 to 8000

- **Outlet Pressure, psig**
  - 0 to 1600
  - 2000 to 8000

- **Outlet Pressure, bar**
  - 0 to 1600
  - 2000 to 8000
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KPP series meets the demands of a wide range of gas or liquid applications in a lightweight, compact installation footprint. These features make the KPP pressure regulator an ideal pressure control solution within high-density OEM equipment.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supply Pressure Effect, %</th>
<th>Flow Coefficient ((C_v))</th>
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<tr>
<td>2.2</td>
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<td>7.2</td>
<td>0.06</td>
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**Summary**

- **Supply-Pressure Effect**
- **Flow Coefficient** 0.02
- **Pressure Control Range** 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)**
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft\(^3\)/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar) and 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

**Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min**
- 0 to 1200

**Outlet Pressure, psig**
- 0 to 1400

**Nitrogen Flow, std L/min**
- 0 to 1500

**Outlet Pressure, bar**
- 0 to 80

**Flow Curves Diagram**
- Graph showing the relationship between nitrogen flow and outlet pressure for different pressure control ranges.
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar), 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar), and 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)
- 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)
- 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

Detail A
KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KPF series provides minimum droop across the flow range with high accuracy of outlet pressure.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

Supply-Pressure Effect

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow Coefficient ($C_v$)</th>
<th>Supply Pressure Effect, %</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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</table>

Detail A

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)
KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 4000 psig (0 to 275 bar), and 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)
KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KHP series provides control of supply pressures up to 10 000 psig (689 bar). The self-venting capability enables downstream pressure reduction in closed-loop systems.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar) and 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow Coefficient (C_v)</th>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Supply Pressure Effect, %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>Up to 2500 psig (172 bar)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3600 and 6000 psig (248 and 413 bar)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>10 000 psig (689 bar)</td>
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<td></td>
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Swagelok
KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 15 to 2500 psig (1.0 to 172 bar) and 10 to 1500 psig (0.68 to 103 bar)*

![Flow Curve Diagram](image-url)
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar) and 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)**
KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)

![Flow Curve Diagram]
Pressure-Reducing Regulator Flow Curves

KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar) and 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 15 to 2500 psig (1.0 to 172 bar) and 10 to 1500 psig (0.68 to 103 bar)*
KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar) and 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar)
- 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)
KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft³/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Range 10 to 10 000 psig (0.68 to 689 bar)

![Diagram showing nitrogen flow and outlet pressure for different flow coefficients and pressure ranges.]

Pressure Control Range
- 10 to 10 000 psig (0.68 to 689 bar)

Outlet Pressure, psig
- 0 to 250

Outlet Pressure, bar
- 0 to 14.8

Nitrogen Flow, std L/min
- 0 to 14 000

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
- 0 to 500

Detail A
- Expanded view of the flow curves for nitrogen flow and outlet pressure.
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KPR series is a compact regulator with excellent accuracy, sensitivity, and set-point pressure stability.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)*
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

Detail A
Pressure-Reducing Regulator Flow Curves

**KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow**

**Flow Curves**
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

Pressure Control Range

![Graph showing flow curves with hydraulic oil flow in U.S. gal/min on the x-axis and outlet pressure in psig on the y-axis. Key points include 100 (6.8), 500 (34.4), 1000 (68.9).]
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KCY series is designed for use in applications requiring constant outlet pressure even with wide variations in inlet pressure. This two-stage regulator is comparable to two single-stage regulators connected in series. The first stage is factory set to reduce the inlet pressure to 500 psig (34.4 bar). The second stage can be adjusted with the handle to achieve the required outlet pressure.

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators
Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)*

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KLF series provides high-sensitivity pressure control of gases or liquids with minimum droop in both low-flow and low-pressure applications.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

![Graph showing flow rates and outlet pressures for KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow with flow coefficient 0.20 and pressure control ranges of 0 to 50 psig and 0 to 25 psig.]

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)**

![Graph showing flow rates and outlet pressures for KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow with flow coefficient 0.20 and pressure control range of 0 to 100 psig.]

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

[Graph showing hydraulic oil flow versus outlet pressure for different flow rates and pressures.]
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outlet Pressure, psig</th>
<th>Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min</th>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>90</td>
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<tr>
<td>100</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

---

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KCP series is a compact, piston-sensing pressure regulator with a short stroke to minimize wear in high-cycling applications. For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)*

Pressure Control Range

0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

<table>
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<th>Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min</th>
<th>Outlet Pressure, psig</th>
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Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

0 to 500 (34.4)

Outlet Pressure, bar

0 to 10

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

Pressure Control Range

0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

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<tr>
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<th>Outlet Pressure, psig</th>
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<td>5.0</td>
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Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

0 to 1000 (68.9)

Outlet Pressure, bar

0 to 40
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)**

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)*

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)

**Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min**

**Outlet Pressure, psig**

**Outlet Pressure, bar**

**Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min**

**Outlet Pressure, psig**

**Outlet Pressure, bar**
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

Pressure Control Range

**Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min**

0 1.5 3.0 4.5 6.0 7.5 9.0

Outlet Pressure, psig

0 5.0 10 15 20 25 30

Outlet Pressure, bar

0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min

0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0

Detail A

**Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min**

0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5

Outlet Pressure, psig

0 5.0 10 15 20 25 30

Outlet Pressure, bar

0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min

0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0

Swagelok
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)*

![Flow Curves Diagram](image)

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
**KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow**

**Flow Curves**
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Diagram**
- Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
- Outlet Pressure, psig
- Outlet Pressure, bar

**Detail A**
- Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min
- Outlet Pressure, psig
- Outlet Pressure, bar

**Graph Details**
- Flow curves for Hydraulic Oil Flow and Outlet Pressure for different flow coefficients and pressure ranges.
- Data points labeled for Hydraulic Oil Flow and Outlet Pressure in both U.S. gal/min and L/min, along with corresponding pressure values in psig and bar.
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)**

The diagram shows the relationship between hydraulic oil flow and outlet pressure for different flow coefficients. The curves are labeled for pressure control ranges of 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 1000 (68.9) psig.
KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KPP series meets the demands of a wide range of gas or liquid applications in a lightweight, compact installation footprint. These features make the KPP pressure regulator an ideal pressure control solution within high-density OEM equipment.

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

Pressure Control Range

Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min
Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min

Detail A

Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min
Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar), 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar), and 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)*

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)
- 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)
- 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

**Diagram:**

- Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
- Outlet Pressure, psig
- Outlet Pressure, bar
- Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min
KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KPF series provides minimum droop across the flow range with high accuracy of outlet pressure.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)
KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

Pressure Control Range

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

Detail A

Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)**
**KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow**

The KHP series provides control of supply pressures up to 10 000 psig (689 bar). The self-venting capability enables downstream pressure reduction in closed-loop systems.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.

**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar), 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar), and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)**

The KHR series provides control of supply pressures up to 10 000 psig (689 bar). The self-venting capability enables downstream pressure reduction in closed-loop systems.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, MS-02-230.
**Flow Curves**

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

*Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar) and 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)*
Pressure-Reducing Regulator Flow Curves

KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)

Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min

Detail A
Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 000 psig (0 to 689 bar)
### KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

#### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar), 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar), and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)**

---

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)

---

**Outlet Pressure, psig**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)

---

**Outlet Pressure, bar**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)

---

**Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)

---

**Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)
KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar) and 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar)
- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar

Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min
KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)**
Flow Curves
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10,000 psig (0 to 689 bar)**

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min

Detail A

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Hydraulic Oil Flow, U.S. gal/min
Compact, General Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)2 Series

Features
■ Bottom mounting
■ Sealed spring housing
■ Low-friction piston for better control

■ Cartridge poppet assembly with 25 μm filter for ease of service
■ Self-venting
■ Threaded vent below panel for safety

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or "droop" in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
Compact, General Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
Compact, General Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar) and 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- **0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)**

![Graph 1]

Pressure Control Range:
- **0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)**

![Graph 2]
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)4 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm or piston sensing

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS4 Series

Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar), 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar), and 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)

RS(H)4 Series

Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar), 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), and 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RSH4 Series

*Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar), 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar), and 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)*

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar)
- 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)6 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS6 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar), 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar), and 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)

RS(H)6 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar), 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), and 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)6 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure
Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RSH6 Series

*Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar), 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar), and 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)*

![Flow Curve Graph]

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar)
- 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators

RS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS8 Series

*Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar), 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar), and 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)*

RS(H)8 Series

*Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar) and 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)*
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or "droop" in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RSH8 Series

Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar), 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar), and 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar)
- 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)10, RS(H)15, and RS(H)20 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- RS(H)10 and RS(H)15—diaphragm or piston sensing
- RS(H)20—diaphragm sensing only

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS10 Series
Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)

RSH10 Series
Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS15 Series

Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), and 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS15 Series

Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar) and 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm$^3$/h</th>
<th>Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)</td>
<td>0 1500 3000 4500 6000 7500 9000</td>
<td>0 45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)</td>
<td>0 1000 3000 4500 6000 7500 9000</td>
<td>0 3000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std ft$^3$/min

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, Nm$^3$/h

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std ft$^3$/min

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, Nm$^3$/h

Outlet Pressure, psig

Outlet Pressure, bar

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Outlet Pressure, bar

Nitrogen Flow, std ft$^3$/min
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RS(H)15 Series

Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)

RSH15 Series

Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators

RS(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RS20 Series

Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72.0 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), 0 to 145 (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—LRS(H)4 Series

Features

- Diaphragm sensing
- Large diaphragm for higher accuracy
- Diaphragm materials: PTFE and 316L SS for most pressure control ranges
- Bottom mounting
- Low torque minimizes stem wear
- Nonventing
- Cartridge poppet assembly in LRSH4 for ease of service
- Panel mounting—no disassembly required

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LRS4 Series

Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—LRS(H)4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LRS4 Series with Optional External Feedback

*Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)*

LRS4 Series with Optional 316L SS Diaphragm

*Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)*
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—
LRS(H)4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LRSH4 Series

*Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar) and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)*

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
High Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—LPRS4, LPRS6, and LPRS8 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Large diaphragm for higher accuracy
- Suction tube for reduced droop
- Ideal as second-stage regulator

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LPRS4 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
High Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—LPRS4, LPRS6, and LPRS8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LPRS6 Series

*Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)*

Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)

LPRS8 Series

*Flow Coefficient 2.07, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)*

Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—LPRS10 and LPRS15 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- High flow and high accuracy
- Suction tube for reduced droop
- Ideal as second-stage regulator

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LPRS10 Series

Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.0 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—LPRS10 and LPRS15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LPRS15 Series
Flow Coefficient 7.3, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.0 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
Compact, General-Purpose Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD2 Series

Features
- Piston sensing
- Integral 25 μm filter

Cartridge poppet assembly for ease of service
Bottom mounting

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)

Pressure Control Range:

0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)

Inlet Pressure
Shown on graph

Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Pressure Control Range:

0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)

Inlet Pressure
Shown on graph

Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
Compact, General-Purpose Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

**Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)**

![Flow Curve Graph](image-url)
General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Outlet gauge connection: 1/4 in. female NPT

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH Series
Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 (0 to 25.0 bar)
General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH6 Series

*Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 1450 (0 to 100 bar), and 0 to 2539 psig (0 to 175 bar)*

**Pressure Control Range**
- **0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**
- **0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**
- **0 to 2539 psig (0 to 175 bar)**
General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD8 Series

*Flow Coefficient 2.07, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)*

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH8 Series

*Flow Coefficient 2.07, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)*

### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)

### Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
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<tr>
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### Outlet Pressure, psig

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<tr>
<td>800</td>
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<tr>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1200</td>
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### Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

<table>
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<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
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### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)

### Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>200</td>
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<tr>
<td>400</td>
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<td>800</td>
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<tr>
<td>1000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Outlet Pressure, psig

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outlet Pressure, psig</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>50</td>
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Differential Pressure, Dome-Loaded Pressure Reducing Regulators—RD(H)6DP Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Adjustable bias
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD6DP Series
Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  All curves 29 psig (2 bar) bias

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  All curves 116 psig (8 bar) bias

Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Differential Pressure, Dome-Loaded Pressure Reducing Regulators—RD(H)6DP Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH6DP Series

Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min</th>
<th>Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
<th>Outlet Pressure, psig</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>580 (40.0) 1015 (70.0)</td>
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<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>2175 (150)</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>4500</td>
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<tr>
<td>5000</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min</th>
<th>Outlet Pressure, psig</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2175 (150)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)
- All curves 29 psig (2 bar) bias

USA

EURO

JPN

Flow Coefficient: 1.95

Maximum Inlet Pressure:

RDHN6— 3990 psig (275 bar)

Outlet Pressure Control Range: 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)

All Curves 29 psig (2 bar) bias
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 and RD(H)15 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for improved stability
- Pilot regulator for improved performance

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD10 Series
Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD10 Series
Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar) and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH10 Series

Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH10 Series
Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH10 Series

*Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3625 (0 to 250 bar)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)</td>
<td>0 2000 4000 6000 8000 10 000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Outlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h

Outlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD10-EF Series

Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH10-EF Series

Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar) and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH10-EF Series

Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)

RD10-EFP Series

Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.5 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)15 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for improved stability
- Pilot regulator for improved performance

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD15 Series
Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD15 Series

Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH15 Series

Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or "droop" in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH15 Series

*Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)*

**Pressure Control Range:**

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

---

**Pressure Control Range:**

- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH15 Series
Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 145 psig (0 to 100 bar)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graph showing flow data with pressures and flow rates.

Swagelok
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 and RD(H)25 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD20 Series
Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD20 Series

Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:

0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)

0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD20 Series
Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH20 Series

Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar) and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

Pressure Control Range:

**0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)**

![Graph showing flow curves for RDH20 Series with 0 to 362 psig pressure control range.]

Pressure Control Range:

**0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

![Graph showing flow curves for RDH20 Series with 0 to 1450 psig pressure control range.]
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH20 Series

*Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)*

![Graph showing flow curves for RDH20 Series]
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD20-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

RDH20-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)

Swagelok
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH20-EF Series

*Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar) and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)*
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH20-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)

RD20-EFP Series
Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)25 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD25 Series
Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH25 Series
Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar), and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD25-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH25-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar), and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators
RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or "droop" in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD25-EFP Series

*Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)*

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)30 and RD(H)40 Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD30 Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)
Outlet Pressure, bar
Outlet Pressure, MPa

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)
Outlet Pressure, bar
Outlet Pressure, MPa
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH30 Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH30 Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD30-EF Series

*Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)*
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH30-EF Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar, and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH30-EF Series

*Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)*
 Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—
RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD30-EFP Series
Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)40 Series

Features

■ Balanced poppet design
■ Diaphragm sensing
■ Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD40 Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Outlet Pressure, psig

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.5 bar)

Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h

Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)

Outlet Pressure, psig

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH40 Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
**Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)40 Series**

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, MS-02-430.

**Flow Data**
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

**RDH40 Series**

*Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)</td>
<td>![Graph showing nitrogen flow for RDH40 Series]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RD40-EF Series**

*Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)</td>
<td>![Graph showing nitrogen flow for RD40-EF Series]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD40-EF Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar) and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

RDH40-EF Series

Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—
RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure
Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RDH40-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

RDH40-EF Series
Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RD40-EFP Series
Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

RD40-EFP Series
Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
Air-Loaded, Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RA Series

Features
- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Air-loaded pressure control with a choice of pilot-to-outlet pressure ratios.
- Remote control

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RA4 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.84
Pressure Ratio 1:15, 1:40, 1:70
Air-Loaded, Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RA Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RA4 Series
*Flow Coefficient 1.84*
*Pressure Ratio 1:40, 1:70*

RA6 and RA8 Series
*Flow Coefficient 1.84*
*Pressure Ratio 1:15, 1:40, 1:70*
Air-Loaded, Pressure-Reducing Regulators—RA Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

RA6 and RA8 Series

Flow Coefficient 1.84
Pressure Ratio 1:15, 1:40, 1:70

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Outlet Pressure, MPa
Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)
Pressure Ratio
1:15, 1:40, 1:70

RA6 and RA8 Series

Flow Coefficient 1.84
Pressure Ratio 1:40, 1:70

Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, psig
Outlet Pressure, bar
Outlet Pressure, MPa
Inlet Pressure, psig (bar)
Pressure Ratio
1:40, 1:70
Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators
BS(H)2 Series

Features
■ Piston sensing
■ Bottom mounting
■ Low-friction piston for better control

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.10 Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range:
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators
BS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.10, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)

Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators
BS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

Flow Coefficient 0.10, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)

**Pressure Control Range:**
- 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)
- Pressure Limit

**BSH2 Series**

Flow Coefficient 0.10, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10150 psig (0 to 700 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators—BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series

Features
- Diaphragm sensing: 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)
- Piston sensing: 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
- Threaded vent to monitor seal integrity

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BS(H)4 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.84

BSH4 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators
BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure
Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BS(H)6 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.84

BSH6 Series
Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators
BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BS(H)8 Series
*Flow Coefficient 1.84*

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<th>Inlet Pressure, psig</th>
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<td>2175 (150)</td>
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<td>203 (14.0)</td>
<td>101 (7.0)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1500</td>
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<tr>
<td>1800</td>
<td>2175 (150)</td>
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BSH8 Series
*Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)*

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<th>Inlet Pressure, psig</th>
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Pressure Control Range
0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators—BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing: 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Piston sensing: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- High flow capacity

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BS10 Series

Flow Coefficient 3.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators—BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BSH10 Series
Flow Coefficient 3.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BS15 Series

*Flow Coefficient 7.3, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Control Range</th>
<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)</td>
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<tr>
<td>0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)</td>
<td>0 to 2250</td>
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<tr>
<td>0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar)</td>
<td>0 to 1500</td>
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<td>0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)</td>
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<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
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<th>Nitrogen Flow, std ft³/min</th>
<th>Inlet Pressure, std ft³/min</th>
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<th>Nitrogen Flow, Nm³/h</th>
<th>Inlet Pressure, MPa</th>
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<td>3750</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>4500</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

USA
EURO
JPN
General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators—BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

BSH15 Series

*Flow Coefficient 7.3, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)*

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**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)

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**Pressure Control Range**
- 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar)
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators—LBS4 Series

Features
■ Diaphragm sensing
■ Bottom mounting and panel mounting

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LBS4 Series
Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators—
LBS4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430.

Flow Data
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

LBS4 Series
Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Optional 316L SS Diaphragm

LBS4 Series
Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

Optional 316L SS Diaphragm
Safe Product Selection
When selecting a product, the total system design must be considered to ensure safe, trouble-free performance. Function, material compatibility, adequate ratings, proper installation, operation, and maintenance are the responsibilities of the system designer and user.

Caution: Do not mix or interchange parts with those of other manufacturers.

Warranty Information
Swagelok products are backed by The Swagelok Limited Lifetime Warranty. For a copy, visit swagelok.com or contact your authorized Swagelok representative.